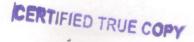


# NASIR JAVAID MAQSOOD IMRAN Chartered Accountants

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY

Ghani Osman Securities (Pvt) Limited
Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2021





Rupees

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT

On behalf of the Board of Directors of the Company, I am pleased to present our report together with the audited financial statement of the Company for the year June 30, 2021.

#### Performance Overview

The following depicts the Company's performance in the current year.

Operating revenue	147,742,486
Operating expenses	(98,369,101)
Operating loss	49,373,385
Other charges	i.i.
Other income	12,763,633
Profit before taxation	62,137,018
Taxation	(9,329,944)
Profit after taxation	52,807,075

#### Earnings per share

Earnings per share for the year ended 30th June 2021 was Rs.

3.11

#### Capital Market Review & Outlook

Pakistan's equities market performance remained extremely volatile during the year under review influenced by various domestic and exogenous factors. Aggressive measures by the Government of Pakistan and the State Bank of Pakistan to counter negative economic impacts of the pandemic and the subsequent lockdown including reduction in interest rates and the construction package regained momentum and the KSE100 Index closed the year at 47,356. Moreover, lower inflation and interest rates are likely to keep the equities market in limelight with improved earnings growth outlook.

#### Dividend

The Directors do not recommended any dividend during the year due to cash flow requirement during next financial year.

#### **External Auditors**

The retiring auditors, M/s. Nasir Javaid Maqsood Imran., Chartered Accountants, being eligible, have offered themselves for reappointment

Dated:

20 SEP 2021

Company Secretary
Ghani Osman Securities (Pvt) Ltd.
Karachi.

**Chief Executive** 



# NASIR JAVAID MAQSOOD IMRAN Chartered Accountants

807, 8th Floor, Q.M. House, Plot No. 11/2, Ellander Road, Opp. Shaheen Complex, Off. I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi - Pakistan.

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Ghani Osman Securities (Private) Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Ghani Osman Securities (Private) Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2021 and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (the financial statements), and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanation which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2021 and of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income or loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the directors' report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:





- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of accounts have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;





- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is

Mohammad Javaid Qasim.

Dated: Karachi 20 SEP 2021

NASIR JAVAID MAQSOOD IMRAN Chartered Accountants



# GHANI OSMAN SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2021

	Note	Rupees 2021	Rupees 2020
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			= 12= 000
Property & equipment	4	8,325,553	7,127,096
Intangible assets	5	3,037,600	3,172,000
Long term deposits	6	2,650,000	11,400,000
		14,013,153	21,699,096
CURRENT ASSETS	7 [	262,568,299	126,545,281
Trade receivables	8	50,105,165	26,781,326
Short term investments	9	92,275,082	45,803,450
Advances, deposits, pre-payments & other receivables	10	45,649,295	39,191,336
Cash & bank balances	10 [	450,597,840	238,321,393
TOTAL ASSETS	=	464,610,993	260,020,489
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Authorized Capital 17,000,000 (2020: 17,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	=	170,000,000	170,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	11	170,000,000	170,000,000
Unappropriated profit		82,242,748	29,435,673
Chapp. optimize protein		252,242,748	199,435,673
LIABILITIES . CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade payables		101,810,292	56,106,890
Short term running finance	. 12	2,824,941	-
Accrued expenses & other liabilities	13	105,549,577	4,477,926
Taxation - net		2,183,436	-
		212,368,246	60,584,816
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	14	-	-
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	-	464,610,993	260,020,489
	S-		

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

Company Secretary
Ghani Osman Securities (Pvt) Ltd.
Karachi.

@ Birector

# GHANI OSMAN SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Note	Rupees 2021	Rupees 2020
REVENUE	15 [	130,649,785	47,137,333
Operating revenue	15	1,967,410	5,278,058
Capital gain on sale of securities Unrealised gain on remeasurement of investment at fair value - through profit or loss		15,125,292	5,200,306
Unrealised gain on remeasurement of investment as an		147,742,486	57,615,697
	16	(98,196,680)	(64,264,844)
Administrative expenses	17	(172,421)	(354,912)
Finance cost		(98,369,101)	(64,619,756)
Operating profit / (loss)		49,373,385	(7,004,059)
Operating protest (1888)	18	12,763,633	9,278,122
Other income			
		62,137,018	2,274,063
Profit before taxation	19	(9,329,944)	(3,194,973)
Taxation	19	(),525,511)	(-, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		52,807,075	(920,910)
Profit / (Loss) after taxation			
	20	3.11	(0.05)
Earnings / (Loss) per share - basic & diluted			

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Company Secretary
Ghani Osman Securities (Pvt) Ltd.
Karachi.

Chief Executive

# GHANI OSMAN SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note	Rupees	Rupees
	2021	2020

Profit / (Loss) after taxation

52,807,075 (920,910)

Other comprehensive income

Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year

52,807,075 (920,910)

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

RIZWAN ISMAIL Company Secretary Ghani Osman Securities (Pvt) Ltd. Karachi.

Chief Executive

# GHANI OSMAN SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Note	Rupees 2021	Rupees 2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before taxation				62,137,018	2,274,063
Add: Items not involved in movement of fund:					
Depreciation Amortization of software				1,201,543 134,400	883,779 168,000
Finance cost Capital (gain) / loss on sale of securities				172,421 (1,967,410)	354,912 (5,278,058)
Unrealised (gain) / loss on remeasurement of investment at fair value - through	profit or l	loss	L	(15,125,292)	(5,200,306) (9,071,671)
Cash generated used in operating activities before working capital changes			-	46,552,681	(6,797,608)
Net change in working capital			(a)	(48,050,605)	8,561,044
	4.0		-	(1,497,924)	1,763,435
Taxes paid Finance cost	4			5,184,501	(78,457)
				(172,421)	(354,912)
Net cash generated from operating activities				3,514,155	1,330,066
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of property and equipment				(2,400,000)	- 1
Investment in quoted securities  Long term advances and deposits				(6,231,137)	19,592,213
Net cash generated from investing activities			L	8,750,000 118,863	2,004,150
				110,005	21,070,000
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents				3,633,018	22,926,429
Cash and cash equivalent at beginning of the year				39,191,336	16,264,907
Cash and cash equivalent at end of the year			21 =	42,824,354	39,191,336
(a) Statement of change in working capital					
(Increase) / decrease in current assets					
Trade receivables			Г	(136,023,017)	882,821
Advances, deposits, pre-payments & other receivables				(58,802,640)	(4,651,533)
Increase / (decrease) in current Liabilities				(194,825,657)	(3,768,712)
Trade payables				45,703,402	20,689,059
Accrued expenses & other liabilities			L	101,071,650	(8,359,302)
Not madden and the				146,775,052	12,329,756
Net working capital changes			_	(48,050,605)	8,561,044
The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial	etatame				

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

Company Secretary
Ghani Osman Securities (Pvt) Ltd.
Karachi.

# GHANI OSMAN SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

ming and investment commenting. It is a	Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	Unappropriated profit	Total
20s. Sen Peldikan Stock Bruhange Sprint	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Balance as at June 30, 2019	170,000,000	30,356,583	200,356,583
Loss after taxation	an la la e	(920,910)	(920,910)
Balance as at June 30, 2020	170,000,000	29,435,673	199,435,673
Profit after taxation	- ·	52,807,075	52,807,075
Balance as at June 30, 2021	170,000,000	82,242,748	252,242,748

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

Composition V Secretary
Ghani Osman Securities (Pvt) Ltd.
Karachi.

#### 1 CORPORATE AND GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 1.1 Legal status and operations

Ghani Osman Securities (Private) Limited (the Company) was incorporated in June 06, 2007 as a private limited company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. The registered office of the Company is situated at Office No. 69, Old Stock Exchange Building, Stock Exchange Road, Karachi, Pakistan. The company is engaged in the business of financial consultancy, brokerage, underwriting and investment counselling. It is a Trading Right Certificate Holder of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The branch offices are situated at:

- Room no. 206, New Pakistan Stock Exchange Building, Karachi.
- 5th Floor, Sasi Arcade, Clifton, Karachi
- Plot no. 2/1, 16 Old Queens Road, Karachi

#### 1.2 Impact of COVID-19 pandemic

A novel strain of corona virus (COVID-19) that first surfaced in China was classified as a pandemic by the World Health Organization on 11 March 2020, impacting countries globally including Pakistan. Government of Pakistan has taken certain measures to reduce the spread of the COVID-19 including lockdown of businesses, suspension of flight operations, intercity movements, cancellation of major events etc. These measures have resulted in an overall economic slowdown and disruptions to various business. The lockdown however excluded companies involved in the business of supplying necessary consumer goods and rendering essential services. As of the release date of these financial statements, there has been no specifically material quantifiable impact of COVID-19 on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs) issued by IASB and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act 2017. In case requirements differ, the provision or directives of the Companies Act, 2017 shall prevail..

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for derivatives and investments. Statement of cash flow has been presented on cash basis.

#### 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in these financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupee, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### 2.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved financial reporting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.



#### 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 3.1 Property and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset including borrowing costs.

Where major components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the carrying amount as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit and loss account during the year in which they are incurred.

Disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized when significant risks and rewards incidental to ownership have been transferred. Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognized within 'Other operating expenses/income in the profit and loss account.

Depreciation is charged to profit and loss account applying the reducing balance method. The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which the assets become available for use, while no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal.

#### 3.2 Intangible assets

Intangible assets having definite useful life are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any however, Intangible assets having indefinite life are stated at cost less impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent cost is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific assets to which it relates. All other expenditure is expensed as incurred.

Amortization is charged to the statement of profit or loss using reducing balance method over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets unless such lives are indefinite. Amortization on additions to intangible assets is charged from the month in which an asset is acquired or capitalized while no amortization is charged in the month in which the asset is disposed off.

All intangible assets with an indefinite useful life are systematically tested for impairment at each reporting date. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount. The carrying amount of other intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exist than the assets recoverable amount is estimated. The recoverable amount is the greater of its value and fair value less cost to sell.



#### 3.2.1 Trading Right Entitlement Certificate

This is stated at cost less impairment, if any. The carrying amount is reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether it is in excess of its recoverable amount, and where the carrying value exceeds estimated recoverable amount, it is written down to its estimated recoverable amount.

#### 3.2.2 Pakistan Mercantile Exchange - Membership card

Membership card represents corporate membership of Pakistan Mercantile Exchange with indefinite useful life. This is stated at cost less impairment, if any. The carrying amount is reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether this is in excess of its recoverable amount, and where the carrying value exceeds estimated recoverable amount, this is written down to its estimated recoverable amount.

#### 3.2.3 Computer software

Expenditure incurred to acquire identifiable computer software and having probable economic benefits exceeding the cost beyond one year, is recognized as an intangible asset. Such expenditure includes the purchase cost of software (license fee) and related overhead cost.

Costs associated with maintaining computer software programs are recognized as an expense when incurred.

Computer software and license costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and any identified impairment loss and amortized through reducing balance method.

#### 3.3 Investment property

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the supply of services or for administrative purposes, is classified as investment property. Investment property is initially measured at its cost, including related transaction costs and borrowing costs, if any.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expenses when incurred.

#### 3.4. Financial Instruments

#### 3.4.1 Initial Measurement of financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in to following three categories:

- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), and
- measured at amortized cost.

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its applicable.



#### Subsequent Measurement

Debt Investments at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest / markeup income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On de-recognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified the statement of profit or loss account.

Equity Investments at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in the statement of profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to the statement of profit or loss account.

Financial assets at FVTPL

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest / markup or dividend income, are recognized in statement profit or loss account.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

These assets are subsequently measured at authozied cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest / markup income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in the statement of profit or loss account.

#### 3.4.2 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or 'At Fair Value - Through Profit or Loss' (FVTPL). A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognized when the contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or have expired or when the financial liability's cash flows have been substantially modified.

#### 3.5 Impairment

#### 3.5.1 Financial assets

The Company recognises loss allowances for Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) in respect of financial assets measured at amortised cost.

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, except for the following, which are measured at 12-month ECLs:



- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balance for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and quantitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial assets has increased significantly if it is more than past due for a reasonable period of time. Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. 12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months). The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering of a financial asset in its entirely or a portion thereof. The Company individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Company expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

#### 3.5.2 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amout of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that an assets or group of assets may be impaired. If any such evidence exists, the asset's or group of assets' recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and fair value less cost to sell. Impairment losses are recognized to the statement of profit or loss.

#### 3.6 Derecognition

#### 3.6.1 Financial assets

The Company derecognises financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire or when it transfer the financial assets and substantially all the associated risks and reward of ownership to another entity. On derecognition of financial assets measured at amortized cost, the difference between the assets carrying value and the sum of the consideration received and receivable recognised in statement of profit or loss. In addition, on derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve reclassified to statement of profit or loss. In contrast, on derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Company has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is not reclassified to statement of profit or loss, but is transferred to statement of changes in equity.



#### 3.6.2 Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities only when its obligations under the financial liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liabilities derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in statement of profit or loss.

#### 3.7 Investments

Investment in shares of listed companies are classified as "At Fair Value - Through Profit or Loss" and is initially measured at cost and subsequently is measured at fair value determined using the market value at each reporting date. Dividends are recognized as income in the statement of profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Net gains and losses are recognized in statement profit or loss.

#### 3.8 Settlement date accounting

All purchases and sales of securities that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention wuch as 'T+2' purchases and sales are recognized at the settlement date. Trade date is the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sale an asset.

#### 3.9 Off-setting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements if, and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 3.10 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost. A provision for impairment in trade debts and other receivables is made when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to original terms of receivables. Trade debts and other receivables considered irrecoverable are written off. Actual credit loss experience over past years is used to base the calculation of expected credit loss (ECL)Trade Receivables in respect of securities sold on behalf of client are recorded at settlement date of transaction.

#### 3.11 Fiduciary assets

Assets held in trust or in a fiduciary capacity by the company are not treated as assets of the Company and accordingly are not included in these financial statements.

#### 3.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows includes cash in hand, balance with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts / short term borrowings. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

#### 3.13 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognized at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 3.14 Proposed dividend and transfer between reserves

Dividends declared and transfers between reserves, except appropriations which are required by law, made subsequent to the reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which such dividends and transfers are approved.



#### 3.15 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognized initially at fair value plus directly attributable cost, if any, and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Trade payables in respect of securities purchased are recorded at settlement date of transaction.

These are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

#### 3.16 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the statement of profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in statement of comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised in equity or in statement of comprehensive income respectively.

#### i) Current

The current income tax charge is based on the taxable income for the year calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

#### ii) Deferred

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using the enacted or substantively enacted rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on tax rates that have been enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. Deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized.

#### 3.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

#### 3.18 Foreign currency transactions and translation

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pakistan Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency using the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the profit and loss account.



#### 3.19 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of any direct expenses. Revenue is recognized on the following basis:

- Brokerage, consultancy, advisory fee and commission etc. are recognized as and when such services are provided.
- Income from bank deposits, reverse repo and margin deposits is recognized at effective yield on time proportion
- Dividend income is recorded when the right to receive the dividend is established.
- Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the profit and loss account in the period in which they arise.
- Unrealized capital gains / (losses) arising from mark to market of investments classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading' are included in profit and loss account for the period in which they arise.
- Rental income from investment properties is recognized on accrual basis.
- Other/miscellaneous income is recognized on receipt basis.
- Income on financial assets (including margin financing) is recognised on time proportionate basis taking into account effective / agreed rate of the instrument.
- Unrealised gains / (losses) arising from mark to market of investments classified as 'available for sale' are taken directly to other comprehensive income.
- Gains / (losses) arising on revaluation of derivatives to fair value are taken to profit and loss account under other income / other expenses.

#### 3.20 Operating and administrative expenses

These expenses are recognized in statement of profit or loss upon utilization of the services or as incurred except for specifically stated in the financial statements.

#### 3.21 Mark-up bearing borrowings and borrowing costs

Mark-up bearing borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, mark-up bearing borrowings are stated at amortized cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in the statement of profit or loss over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which these are incurred, except to the extent that they are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of a qualifying asset (i.e. an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale) in which case these are capitalised as part of cost of that asset.

#### 3.22 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share data for its ordinary shares. Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, if any.



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# 4 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Net carrying value basis	Year ended June 30, 2021	Opening net book value (NBV)	(at cost)	at NBV)	on charge	Closing net book value (NBV)	Gross carrying value basis	30, 2021		Accumulated depreciation	alue (NBV)
Net carryin	Year ended	Opening net	Additions (at cost)	, Disposals (at NBV)	Depreciation charge	Closing net b	Gross carry	As at June 30, 2021	Cost	Accumulated	Net book value (NBV)

As at June 30, 2020	2020
Cost	
Accumulated depreciation	epreciation

=	
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Net book value (NBV)

Office	Furniture	Office equipments	Computers	Total
(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
		ing I	E Ts	
5,987,294	296,984	773,860	68,956	7,127,096
	1,390,000	000,009	410,000	2,400,000
(598,729)	(253,048)	(206,079)	(143,687)	(1,201,543)
5,388,565	1,433,936	1,167,781	335,269	8,325,553
		ind.		
12,515,464 (7,126,899)	3,846,340 (2,412,404)	3,592,137 (2,424,356)	3,265,448 (2,930,179)	23,219,389 (14,893,836)
5,388,565	1,433,936	1,167,781	335,269	8,325,553
6 657 540	340 303	610	00	
			(00,00	0,010,0
(665,255)	(52,409)	(136,564)	(29,553)	(883,780)
5,987,294	296,984	773,860	926'89	7,127,096
12,515,464	2,456,340	2,992,137	2,855,448	20,819,389
(6,528,170)	(2,159,356)	(2,218,277)	(2,786,492)	(13,692,293)
5,987,294	296,984	773,860	956,89	7,127,096
10	15	15	30	

		Note	2021	2020
5	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	Trading Right Entitlement Certificate - Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited Computer Software	5.1 5.2	2,500,000 537,600	2,500,000 672,000
			3,037,600	3,172,000
5.1	This represents Trading Right Entitlement Certificate (TREC) received from accordance with the requirements of the Stock Exchanges (Corporatization, ETREC has been recognized at cost less accumulated impairment losses.	Pakistan Sto Demutualiza	ock Exchange Lition and Integrat	mited (PSX) in inion) Act, 2012.
5.2	Computer Software			
	Net carrying value basis			
	Opening net book value		672,000	840,000
	Additions during the year		-	-
	Amortisation charge		(134,400)	(168,000)
	Closing net book value		537,600	672,000
	Gross carrying value basis			
	Cost		1,050,000	1,050,000
	Accumulated amortisation		(512,400)	(378,000)
	Net book value		537,600	672,000
	Physic - Arthrophysics			
6	LONG TERM DEPOSITS			
	Deposit against Base Minimum Capital Requirement	[	- 1	11,000,000
	National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited		1,400,000	400,000
	Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited		1,250,000	-
		-	2,650,000	11,400,000
7	TRADE RECEIVABLES			
	Considered good	r		
			304,253,714	168,329,576
	Considered doubtful	L	-	-
	Allowers for any to be 1241		304,253,714	168,329,576
	Allowance for expected credit loss	7.1	(46,483,433)	(43,055,357)
	= fgir volues through pigen w star		257,770,281	125,274,219
	Receivable from National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited	_	4,798,018	1,271,062
			262,568,299	126,545,281



Rupees

Rupees

				Note	Rupees 2021	Rupees 2020
7.1	Allowance for expected credit loss					
	Opening balance				43,055,357	24,012,011
	Allowance for expected credit loss			7.1.1	3,428,076	19,043,346
	Closing balance			2	46,483,433	43,055,357
7.1.1	The Company assessed on a forward loss allowance for trade receivables a higher.					
.1.2	Aging analysis					
	Upto 90 days				238,497,553	57,154,464
	More than 90 but upto 180 days				15,723,842	36,170,967
	More than 180 but upto 360 days				3,548,886	11,391,339
	More than 360 days				46,483,433	63,612,806
					304,253,714	168,329,576
7.1.3	Due from related parties which are not in reference to month end balances are as follows:  Name of related party			unt due	Maximum amoun	t outstanding at
	Traine of tented party	MINE PARTIES			any time duri	
			2021	2020	2021 Rupees	2020
	Asim Ahmed		5,344,348	8,029,594	7,159,190	11,179,692
	Zakaria Usman		192,780	2	192,780	-
	Haji Abdul Ghani		110,400	12	312,794	-
	Asma Awais Chochimwala		3,377	12	7,236,533	-
	Muhammad Anwar Usman		7,980,876	7,980,076	7,980,876	7,980,070
			13,631,781	16,009,670	22,882,174	19,159,768
.1.4	Aging analysis - related party	1 (0.1	(4, 00, 1	04 260 1	More than 360	Total gross
	Name of related party	1 - 60 days	61 - 90 days	91 - 360 days		Total gloss
	Asim Ahmed	5,344,348	-	-	-	5,344,348
	ASHII ATIIIICG					192,780
	Zakaria Usman	192,780	-	-	-	1/29/00
		192,780 1,100	800	107,400	1,100	
	Zakaria Usman		800 3,377			110,400
	Zakaria Usman Haji Abdul Ghani				1,100	110,400 3,377
	Zakaria Usman Haji Abdul Ghani Asma Awais Chochimwala		3,377		1,100	110,400 3,377 7,980,876
7.2	Zakaria Usman Haji Abdul Ghani Asma Awais Chochimwala	1,100 - - 5,538,228	3,377 800 4,977	107,400	1,100 - 7,980,076	110,400 3,377 7,980,870 13,631,78
	Zakaria Usman Haji Abdul Ghani Asma Awais Chochimwala Muhammad Anwar Usman	1,100 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	3,377 800 4,977 tral Depository C	107,400 - 107,400 Company	1,100 - 7,980,076 7,981,176	110,400 3,377 7,980,876 13,631,781 1,797,234,982
7.3	Zakaria Usman Haji Abdul Ghani Asma Awais Chochimwala Muhammad Anwar Usman  Total value of securities pertaining to client	1,100  -  5,538,228  s held in the Centational Clearing (	3,377 800 4,977 tral Depository C	107,400 - 107,400 Company	1,100 - 7,980,076 7,981,176 3,370,973,886	110,400 3,377 7,980,876 13,631,781 1,797,234,982 24,515,818
7.3 7.4	Zakaria Usman Haji Abdul Ghani Asma Awais Chochimwala Muhammad Anwar Usman  Total value of securities pertaining to client Value of pledge securities of clients with N	1,100  5,538,228  as held in the Centational Clearing (the Financial institution).	3,377 800 4,977 tral Depository C Company of Paki	107,400 - 107,400 Company	1,100 - 7,980,076 7,981,176 3,370,973,886 157,633,721	110,400 3,377 7,980,870 13,631,781 1,797,234,982 24,515,818
7.3 7.4 7.5	Zakaria Usman Haji Abdul Ghani Asma Awais Chochimwala Muhammad Anwar Usman  Total value of securities pertaining to client Value of pledge securities of clients with N Value of pledge securities of clients wi The securities are valued using market	1,100  5,538,228  as held in the Centational Clearing (the Financial institution).	3,377 800 4,977 tral Depository C Company of Paki	107,400 - 107,400 Company	1,100 - 7,980,076 7,981,176 3,370,973,886 157,633,721	110,400 3,377 7,980,870 13,631,781 1,797,234,982 24,515,818
7.3 7.4 7.5	Zakaria Usman Haji Abdul Ghani Asma Awais Chochimwala Muhammad Anwar Usman  Total value of securities pertaining to client Value of pledge securities of clients with N Value of pledge securities of clients with The securities are valued using market  SHORT TERM INVESTMENT	5,538,228 s held in the Centational Clearing of the Financial instrate at the year	3,377 800 4,977 tral Depository C Company of Paki	107,400 - 107,400 Company	1,100 - 7,980,076 7,981,176 3,370,973,886 157,633,721	110,400 3,377 7,980,870 13,631,78 1,797,234,982 24,515,818
7.3 7.4 7.5	Zakaria Usman Haji Abdul Ghani Asma Awais Chochimwala Muhammad Anwar Usman  Total value of securities pertaining to client Value of pledge securities of clients with N Value of pledge securities of clients wi The securities are valued using market	5,538,228 s held in the Centational Clearing of the Financial instrate at the year	3,377 800 4,977 tral Depository C Company of Paki	107,400 - 107,400 Company	1,100 - 7,980,076 7,981,176 3,370,973,886 157,633,721	110,400 3,377 7,980,876 13,631,781 1,797,234,982 24,515,818 615,192,395
7.2 7.3 7.4 7.5	Zakaria Usman Haji Abdul Ghani Asma Awais Chochimwala Muhammad Anwar Usman  Total value of securities pertaining to client Value of pledge securities of clients with N Value of pledge securities of clients with The securities are valued using market  SHORT TERM INVESTMENT Investments at fair values through pro-	1,100  5,538,228  as held in the Centrational Clearing (the Financial instrate at the year)  of the & loss	3,377 800 4,977 tral Depository C Company of Paki	107,400 - 107,400 Company stan Ltd	1,100 - 7,980,076 7,981,176 3,370,973,886 157,633,721 1,151,409,803	110,400 3,377 7,980,876 13,631,781 1,797,234,982 24,515,818 615,192,395



#### 8.1 Listed equity securities

30 June 2021	June 30, 2020			30 June 2021	June 30, 2020
	of shares			Market valı	ie in rupees
525,000	_	AKBL	ASKARI BANK LIMITED	11,933,250	-
10,000	10,000	BEEM	BEEMA PAKISTAN	-	_
200,000		ВОР	BANK OF PUNJAB	1,680,000	
- 4	1,000,000	CSIL	CRESENT STAR INSURANCE LIMITED	*	1,880,000
50,000	-	DGKC	D.G. KHAN CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	5,896,000	-
70,000	es of Res, Lin-	HBL	HABIB BANK LIMITED	8,565,900	-
-	23,100	IGIHL	IGI HOLDING LIMITED	-	4,180,176
5	5	IVIBL	INOVATIVE INVESTMENT BANK LIMITED	-	-
50,000	-	OGDC	OIL AND GAS DEVELOPMENT CO. LTD	4,751,500	
	2,500,000	POWER	POWER CEMENT LIMITED	-	15,500,000
1,000,000		POWERPS	POWER CEMENT PREFERENCE SHARES	11,650,000	-
50,000	-	PPL	PAKISTAN PETROLEUM LIMITED	4,341,500	-
5,500	5,500	PSX	PAKISTAN STOCK EXCHANGE LIMITED	122,705	54,450
1 (c) #	605,000	THCCL	THATTA CEMENT CO LIMITED	_	5,166,700
7,000		TRG	TRG PAKISTAN LIMITED	1,164,310	-
1,967,505			TOTAL	50,105,165	26,781,326

8.2 Shares having market value of Rs. 32,558,450 (2020: Nil) are pledged as security with commercial banks, PSX and NCCPL for the purpose of borrowings, base minimum capital and exposure requirements.

#### 9 ADVANCES, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Income tax refundable
Other receivables
Exposure deposits
Loan to staff

9.1 | 12,331,008 | 1,110,000 | 1,372,800 | 90,935,525 | 31,000,000 | 229,557 | 1,099,642 | 92,275,082 | 45,803,450

9.1 This represents deposit with National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited against the exposure margin in respect of trade in future and ready market.

#### 10 CASH & BANK BALANCES

Cash in hand
Cash at bank - at current accounts

	76,499	174,546
10.1	45,572,796	39,016,790
	45,649,295	39,191,336

#### 10.1 Bank balance pertains to:

Clients Brokerage House

45,572,796	39,016,790
31,763,667	15,508,005
13,809,129	23,508,785

8,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid in cash 9,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued for consideration other than in cash.		17,000,000		170,000,000	170,000,000
8,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid in cash 80,000,000 80,000		consideration other than	in cash.		470 000 000
8,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid in cash 80,000,000 80,000		9,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10	each issued for	90,000,000	90,000,000
				00.000.000	00 000 000
		8 000 000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10	each fully paid in cash	80,000,000	80,000,000
		Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 /- each			
	1	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED & PAID-UP-CAPIT	FAL		

11.1 The shareholders are entitled to receive all distributions to them including dividend and other entitlements in the form of bonus and right shares as and when declared by the Company. All shares carry "one vote" per share without restriction.

#### 12 SHORT TERM RUNNING FINANCE

From banking company

11

2,824,941 -2,824,941 -

Rupees

2020

Rupees

2021

Note

12.1 The Company has obtained running financing facility amounting to Rs 100 million (2020: 150 million) from commercial banks. The limit is valid upto June 30, 2021, and the facility is secured by way of pledge of marketable securities as per financiers approved list of shares. These facilities carry mark up ranging from 3 month KIBOR plus 200 basis points payable quarterly.

#### 13 ACCRUED EXPENSES & OTHER LIABILITIES

Accrued expenses
Markup payable
SST payable
CGT payable
Advance from director
Other liabilities

105,549,577	4,477,926
16,404,161	1,735,003
750,000	
77,237,933	-
2,175,213	476,692
7,152	13,854
8,975,117	2,252,378



NI	Rupees	Rupees
Note	2021	2020

#### 14 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

i) There are no outstanding commitments as at June 30, 2021 (June 30, 2020: Nil).

#### 15 OPERATING REVENUE

Brokerage commission including sales tax on services	15.1	144,573,872	53,099,300
Less: Sales tax on services		(16,632,387)	(6,108,767)
Net brokerage commission excluding sales tax on services	_	127,941,485	46,990,533
Dividend income		2,708,300	146,800
	_	130,649,785	47,137,333

#### 15.1 Brokerage Income - net of sales tax Equity brokerage

- Institutional customers
- Retail clients

1,495,794	665,645
126,445,690	46,324,888
127,941,485	46,990,533

#### 16 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Directors' remuneration
Staff salaries & benefits
Rent, rates and taxes
Utilities & communication
Service & transaction charges
Fees & subscription
Auditor's remuneration
Legal & professional
Travelling & conveyance
Vehicle running & maintenance
Postage & courier
Printing and stationery
Entertainment
Allowance for expected credit loss
Computer software & I.T. expense
Repairs & maintenance
Amortization of software
Depreciation
Other expenses

	98,196,680	64,264,844
	1,116,012	454,305
	1,201,543	883,780
	134,400	168,000
	518,947	84,980
	824,633	330,063
7.1.1	3,428,076	19,043,346
	1,066,501	1,022,136
	574,372	214,125
	449,811	117,189
	659,910	184,520
	772,180	169,180
	251,000	257,492
16.2	300,000	270,000
	368,680	527,910
	8,278,307	6,641,499
	2,034,842	1,249,268
	2,531,899	1,372,800
	67,585,567	27,674,251
16.1	6,100,000	3,600,000

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#### 16.1 Remuneration of Chief Executive and Director

			2021				020		
	i san decine intermental	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives		
	Managerial remuneration	-	6,100,000	5,100,000	-	3,600,000			
	Company's contribution to the Provident								
	Fund	-	1.5	-	-	-			
	Fees The Manual Company has	been file in	1 107		-	-	-		
	Bonus	THE RESCUE	9 (100)	-	-	2	-		
	Housing and utilities	Billy Name Lead	( 100 000		-	2 (00 000	-		
	a. The speaking the number the a	-	6,100,000	5,100,000		3,600,000	-		
	Number of persons (including those who								
	worked part of the year)	1	2	5	1	2			
				ı		Rupees	Rupees		
					Note	2021	2020		
6.2	Auditors' remuneration								
0.24	Audit services								
	Annual audit fee				1	150,000	125,00		
	Certifications					90,000	95,00		
					,	240,000	220,00		
	Non-audit services					3	100		
	Other services					60,000	50,00		
	and region lens to the east of the					60,000	50,00		
	F.					300,000	270,00		
17	FINANCE COST								
	Mark up on short term running finance	*			[	79,234	269,48		
	Bank charges & commission					93,187	85,42		
						172,421	354,91		
7.1	This represents mark-up payable on short term	borrowing (for	details refer not	e 12).					
18	OTHER INCOME								
	IPO commission				]	252,178			
	Profit on exposure and deposit					3,478,422	3,624,47		
	Client recoveries					9,033,033	5,653,64		
					L	12,763,633	9,278,12		
					=				
19	TAXATION								
	Current					15,085,794	3,194,973		
						(F M = F 0 F 0)			
	Prior		IFIED TRUI		7.	(5,755,850) 9,329,944	-		

19.

#### GHANI OSMAN SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	2021	2020
ACCESS TO A STATE OF THE PARTY		
2.1 Relationship between income tax expense and accounting profit		
Profit before taxation	62,137,018	2,274,063
Tax at the applicable tax rate of 29% (2020: 29%)	18,019,735	659,478
Tax effect of income taxed at lower tax rates	(626,227)	(20,552)
Tax effect of exempt income	(4,386,335)	(3,038,726)
Tax effect of non deductible expenses	1,080,029	5,556,943
Tax effect of minimum tax	4,449	30,168
Tax effect of prior year	(5,755,850)	-
Others	994,142	7,661
	9,329,944	3,194,973

- 19.2 The income tax returns of the Company have been filed up to tax year 2020 under the Universal Self Assessment Scheme. This scheme provides that the return filed is deemed to be an assessment order. The returns may be selected for audit within five years. The Income Tax Commissioner may amend assessment if any objection is raised during audit.
- 19.3 During the year, the income tax authorities have issued Show Cause Notice to amend original assessment order under section 122(9) read with section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for tax year 2017. In this regard, the Company has filed response against the Show Cause Notice. The management is confident that the eventual outcome of the matter will be decided in favour of the Company, therefore, no provision has been made in this regard.

#### 20 EARNINGS / (LOSS) PER SHARE- BASIC & DILUTED

#### 20.1 Basic earnings / (loss) per share

Profit / (loss) after taxation Number of shares at the end of the year

22.001.010	(200,200)
17,000,000	17,000,000

52 807 075

Rupees

Note

Rupees

3.11 (0.05)

(920.910)

#### 20.2 Diluted earnings per share

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Company, since there are no convertible instruments in issue as at June 30, 2021 which would have any effect on the earnings per share if the option to convert is exercised.

#### 21 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting year as shown in the cash flow statement are reconciled to the related items in the balance sheet as follows:

Short term running finance Cash & bank balances

(2,824,941)	-
45,649,295	39,191,336
42,824,354	39,191,336

#### 22 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

#### 22.1 Financial instruments by category

#### 22.4.1 Financial assets

n	
Long ter	m loans, advances & deposits
Trade de	bts - unsecured
Short ter	m investments
Short ter	m deposits, advances & other receivables
Cash and	bank balances

2021						
At fair value through profit or loss	At fair value through other comprehensive income	At amortized cost	Total			
-	-	2,650,000	2,650,000			
	-	262,568,299	262,568,299			
50,105,165			50,105,165			
*		92,275,082	92,275,082			
	-	45,649,295	45,649,295			
50,105,165	-	403,142,675	453,247,840			



86	At fair value through profit or loss	At fair value through other comprehensive income	At amortized cost	Total
	-	-	11,400,000	11,400,000
	_	-	126,545,281	126,545,281
	26,781,326	-	i Maria	26,781,326
		-	45,803,450	45,803,450
	-	-	39,191,336	39,191,336
	26,781,326	-	222,940,067	249,721,393

# Long term loans, advances & deposits Trade debts - unsecured Short term investments Short term deposits, advances & other receivables Cash and bank balances

#### 22.1.2 Financial liabilities

#### 2021

Amortised cost	At fair value through profit or loss	Total	
101,810,292	-	101,810,292	
2,824,941	-	2,824,941	
105,549,577		105,549,577	
210,184,809	-	210,184,809	

Trade payables
Short term running finance
Accrued expenses and other liabilities

Trade pa	yables			
Accrued	expenses	and	other	liabilities

#### 2020

Amortised cost	At fair value through profit or loss	Total
56,106,890	-	56,106,890
4,477,926	-	4,477,926
60,584,816	-	60,584,816

#### 23 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board of Directors of the Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Market Risk
- Liquidity Risk
- Credit Risk
- Operational Risk

#### 23.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices.

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#### GHANI OSMAN SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

#### (i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk.

#### (ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company does not have any financial instruments in foreign currencies and hence is not exposed to such risk.

#### (iii) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk of volatility in share price resulting from their dependence on market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand for shares and liquidity in the market. Management of the Company estimates that a 10% increase in the overall equity prices in the market with all other factors remaining constant would increase the Company's profit by Rs. 5,010,516.5/- and a 10% decrease would result in a decrease in the Company's profit by the same amount. However, in practice, the actual results may differ from the sensitivity analysis.

#### 23.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or difficulty in raising funds to meet comments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding to an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market options due to the dynamic nature of the business. The Company's treasury aims at maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities.

,	2021						
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Six month or less	Six to twelve months	One to two	Two to five	
entechned all promotes of	(Rupees)						
Financial liabilities							
and respectively							
Trade payables	101,810,292	101,810,292	101,810,292	-	-	-	
Short term running finance	2,824,941	2,824,941	2,824,941				
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	105,549,577	105,549,577	105,549,577		## F	_	
and the selection to the	210,184,809	210,184,809	210,184,809		-	_	

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#### GHANI OSMAN SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

- Authority of the Control of the Co	Carrying amount	Contractual eash flows	Six month or less	Six to twelve months	One to two years	Two to five years
bulances.	***************************************		(R	upees)		
Financial liabilities						
Trade payables	56,106,890	56,106,890	56,106,890			
Accrued expenses & other liabilities	4,477,926	4,477,926	4,477,926	-	± 1	
	60.584.816	60.584.816	60.584.816	-	_	-

#### 23.3 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss, without taking into account the fair value of any collateral. Credit risk arises from the inability of the issuers of the instruments, the relevant financial institutions or counter parties in case of placements or other arrangements to fulfill their obligations.

#### Exposure to credit risk

Credit risk of the Company arises principally from the trade debts, short term investments, loans and advances, deposits and other receivables. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. To reduce the exposure to credit risk, the Company has developed its own risk management policies and guidelines whereby clients are provided trading limits according to their worth and proper margins are collected and maintained from the clients. The management continuously monitors the credit exposure towards the clients and makes provision against those balances considered doubtful of recovery.

The Company's policy is to enter into financial contracts in accordance with the internal risk management policies and investment and operational guidelines approved by the Board of Directors. In addition, credit risk is also, minimised due to the fact that the Company invests only in high quality financial assets, majority of which have been rated by a reputable rating agency. All transactions are settled / paid for upon delivery. Except for provision made against the trade receivables amounting to Rs. 43,053,338, the Company does not expect to incur material credit losses on its financial assets. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

Long term loans, advances & deposits Trade debts - unsecured Short term investments Short term deposits, advances & other receivables Cash and bank balances

	Rupees 2021	Rupees 2020
Γ	2,650,000	11,400,000
	262,568,299	126,545,281
	50,105,165	26,781,326
	92,275,082	45,803,450
1	45,649,295	39,191,336
	453,247,840	249,721,393

#### Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic or industry factors similarly affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate exposure is significant in relation to the Company's total exposure. The Company's portfolio of financial instruments is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit-worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any significant concentrations of credit risk.

# GHANI OSMAN SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

#### Trade receivables

The aging of trade receivables and related movement in Expected Credit Loss has been disclosed in note 7 of these financial statements

#### Bank balances

The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by investing in liquid securities and maintaining bank accounts only with counter-parties that have stable credit rating. Given these high credit ratings, management does not expect that any counter party will fail to meet their obligations.

	2021	2020
A A		
+	45 570 700	56,205

AAA A1+ BBB -

45,572,796	39,016,790
-	-
45,572,796	38,960,584
	56,205

Runees

Rupees

#### 23.4 Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the processess, technology and infrastructure supporting the Company's operations either internally within the Company or externally at the Company's service providers, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks suc as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of investment management behaviour. Operational risks arise from all of the Company's activities.

The Company's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance limiting of financial losses and damage to its reputation with achieving its investment objective of generating returns for Investors.

The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls over operational risk rests with the board of directors. This responsibility encompasses the controls in the following areas.

- requirements for appropriate segregation of duties between various functions, roles and responsibility;
- requirements for the reconciliation and monitoring of transactions;
- compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements;
- documentation of controls and procedures;
- requirements for the periodic assessment of operational risks faced, and the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified;
- ethical and business standards;
- risk mitigation, including insurance where this is effective.

#### 23.5 Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in these financial statements approximate to their fair value. The Company measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

# CERTIFIED TRUE COPY GHANI OSMAN SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Fair value measurements using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

Fair value of the financial assets that are traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices or dealer prices quotations.

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

#### Financial assets

At fair value through profit and loss Listed securities

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
7 400	50,105,165	-	-	50,105,165
	50,105,165	-	-	50,105,165

2021

At fair value through profit and loss Listed securities

		2020		
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	4.	Total
26,781,326		_	F.	26,781,326
26,781,326	-	-	Di t	26,781,326

2020

#### 23.6 Capital management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maintain healthy capital ratios, strong credit rating and optimal capital structure in order to ensure ample availability of finance for its existing operations, for maximizing shareholder's value, for tapping potential investment opportunities and to reduce cost of capital.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustment to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Company finances its operations through equity, borrowing and management of its working capital with a view to maintain an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimise risk.



#### 24 OPERATING SEGMENT

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment as the Company's asset allocation decisions are based on a single and integrated business strategy.

The internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker relating to the Company's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan

All non current assets of the Company as at 30 June 2021 are located in Pakistan.

#### 25 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties comprise of group companies (the parent company, fellow subsidiaries and the subsidiaries). Key management personnel of the Company and directors and their close family members, major shareholders of the Company and staff provident fund. Transaction with related parties are on arm's length basis. Remuneration and benefits to executives of the Company are in accordance with the terms of the employment.

Following are the related parties with whom the Company had entered into transactions or have arrangement/ agreement in place:

Name of related party	Nature of relationship	Percentage of shareholding in the Company
Haji Abdul Ghani	Chief Executive Officer	24.000%
Asim Ahmed	Director	5.000%
Asma Awais Chochimwala	Shareholder	6.500%
Asim Abdul Ghani	Shareholder	13.000%
Rizwan Ismail	Director	0.000%
Zakaria Usman	Shareholder	23.000%
Muhammad Anwar Usman	Director	0.000%

Details of transactions and balances at year end with related parties, other than remuneration paid to Chief Executive Officer, directors and executive which are disclosed in relevant note to the financial statements, are as follows:

Name of related party	Transaction during the year	Balances at the year end	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Haji Abdul Ghani	Brokerage commission earned		448,142	638,550
Traji Produi Ghani		Receivable against trade	110,400	1,192,194
Asim Ahmed	Brokerage commission earned		257,651	72,606
1 Ishii 2 Iimied		Receivable against trade	5,344,348	8,029,594
. Asma Awais Chochimwala	Brokerage commission earned		30,300	-
		Receivable against trade	3,377	-
Asim Abdul Ghani	Brokerage commission earned		267,633	-
Rizwan Ismail	Brokerage commission earned		1,300,884	
Zakaria Usman	6. 10. 10.4	Receivable against trade	192,780	-
Muhammad Anwar Usman		Receivable against trade	7,980,876	7,980,076

#### 26 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

Total employees of the Company at the year end Average employees of the Company during the year

35
34



#### PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

Name of shareholders	2021	2020	2021	2020
Traine of shareholders	Number of S	hares	Percentage of Holding	
Zakaria Usman	3,910,000	7,649,900	23.00%	45.00%
Asim Ahmed	850,000	850,000	5.00%	5.00%
Haji Abdul Ghani	4,079,900	8,499,900	24.00%	50.00%
Asim Abdul Ghani	2,210,000	-	13.00%	0.00%
Asma Awais Chochimwala	1,105,000	-	6.50%	0.00%
Darkshan	1,105,000	-	6.50%	0.00%
Mrs. Dilshad	3,739,900	-	22.00%	0.00%
Individuals	200	200	0.00%	0.00%
	17,000,000	17,000,000	100%	100%

#### 27 CAPITAL ADEQUACY LEVEL

Total Assets

Less: Total Liabilities

Less: Revaluation Reserves (Created upon revaluation of Fixed Assets)

Capital Adequacy Level

June 30, 2021

464,610,993

(212,368,246)

27.1 252,242,748

27.1 While determining the value of the total assets of the TREC Holder, notional value of the TRE certificate held by the company as at June 30, 2021, as determined by Pakistan Stock Exchange has been considered.

#### 28 NET CAPITAL BALANCE

Net Capital Balance of the Company, as at June 30, 2021, in accordance with the Second Schedule of the Securities Brokers (Licensing and Operations) Regulations, 2016 and the guidebook issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan is Rs. 234,564,748/-. (Refer Annexure I)

#### 29 LIQUID CAPITAL BALANCE

Liquid Capital Balance of the Company, as at June 30, 2021, in accordance with the Third Schedule of the Securities Brokers (Licensing and Operations) Regulations, 2016 is Rs. 138,021,836/-. (Refer Annexure II)

#### 30 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Previous year figures have been rearranged and/or reclassified, wherever necessary, for the purpose of comparison in the financial statements.

#### 31 AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were approved by the Company's board of directors and authorised for issue on

#### 32 GENERAL

Figures have been re-arranged and re-classified wherever necessary, for the purpose of better presentation. No major reclassifications were made in these financial statements.

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

Chief Executive

Company Secretary
Ghani Osman Securities (Pvt) Ltd.
Karachi.

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20 SEP 2021

# GHANI OSMAN SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED Statement of Net Capital Balance As at June 30, 2021

(Annexure I)

DESCRIPTION	VALUATION BASIS	Note	Sub Total	Total
STATEMENT OF COMPER	NOT		(Rupe	ees)
Current Assets				
Bank balances and cash deposit	As per book value	2		123,054,423
Trade Receivables	Book Value Less: Overdue for more than fourteen days From clearing house	3	304,253,714 144,483,602 159,770,112 4,798,018	164,568,129
Investments in listed securities in the name of broker	Securities on the exposure list marked to market less 15% discount	4	47,045,915 7,056,887	39,989,028
Securities purchased for clients	Securities purchased for the client and held by the broker where the payment has not been received within fourteen days	5		119,321,414
Listed TFCs / Corporate Bonds of not less than BBB grade assigned by a credit rating company in Pakistan.	Marked to Market less 10% discount			*
FIBs	Marked to Market less 5% discount			-
Гreasury Bill	At market value			-
Any other current asset specified by the Commission	As per the valuation basis determined by the Commission			-
TOTAL ASSETS			_	446,932,994
Current Liabilities				
Trade payables	Book Value Less: Overdue for more than 30 days	6	101,810,292 25,027,412	76,782,880
Other liabilities	As classified under the generally accepted accounting principles	7		135,585,36
an und Neule Balances			=	212,368,246
NET CAPITAL BALANCE			_	234,564,748

The annexed notes 1 to 7 form an integral part of the statement.

# GHANI OSMAN SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED Notes to the Statement of Net Capital Balance

#### 1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The statement of net capital balance of the Company ("the Statement") has been prepared in accordance with the requirements as contained in the Schedule II of the Securities Brokers (Licensing and Operations) Regulations, 2016 and the guidebook issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide its letter dated September 08, 2016.

The statement is prepared specifically to meet the above mentioned requirements and for submission to the Pakistan Stock Exchange, National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited and the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan. As a result, the statement may not be suitable for another purpose.

#### 2 BANK BALANCES AND CASH DEPOSITS

(Rupees)

These are stated at book value.

Cash in hand

76,499

Bank balance pertaining to:

Brokerage house

MCB Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited

14,392 31,749,275

31,763,667

Clients

MCB Bank Limited
Soneri Bank Limited

8,778,662 5,030,467

13,809,129

Deposits against exposure

Ready market Future market and loss

24,000,000 53,405,128

MTS exposure margin

77,405,128

Total Cash and Bank Balances

123,054,423

#### 3 TRADE RECEIVABLES

These are stated at book value and classified as balance generated within 14 days and outstanding for more than 14 days

Company Secretary
Ghani Osman Securities (Pvt) Ltd.
Karachi.



# GHANI OSMAN SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED Notes to the Statement of Net Capital Balance

#### 4 INVESTMENT IN LISTED SECURITIES IN THE NAME OF BROKER

These includes tradeable listed securities at market value less discount at 15%

#### 5 SECURITIES PURCHASED FOR CLIENTS

These amount represents to the lower of value of securities appearing in the clients respective sub account to the extent of overdue balance for more than 14 days or value of investments.

#### 6 TRADE PAYABLES

These represents balance payable against trading of shares less trade payable balances overdue for more than 30 days which has been included in other liabilities.

#### 7 OTHER LIABILITIES

These represents current liabilities, other than trade payable which are due within 30 days. Other liabilities are stated at book value.

The break up as per trial balance is as follows:

#### Short term running finance

Soneri Bank Limited

2,824,941

Over o	lue	more	than	30	days
--------	-----	------	------	----	------

Accrued expenses

Markup payable

SST payable

CGT payable

Advance from director

Other liabilities

Taxation - net

RIZWAN Secretary
Company Securities Pyt) Ltd.
Ghan Osman Securities Pyt) Ltd.

Total

25,027,412 8,975,117 7,152 2,175,213 77,237,933 750,000 16,404,161 2,183,436 132,760,425

102,700,120

135,585,365

#### GHANI OSMAN SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED

(Annexure II)

Statement of Liquid Capital As on June 30, 2021

5. No.	Head of Account	Value in Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value
Asset		0 225 552	(8,325,553)	SAAS DAE CREITSON
	Property & Equipment	8,325,553 3,037,600	(3,037,600)	
-	Intangible Assets	3,037,000	(5,057,000)	
1.3	Investment in Govt. Securities (150,000*99)  Investment in Debt. Securities			
ŀ	Investment in Debt. Securities  If listed than:			
ŀ	i. 5% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure upto 1 year.			
ŀ	ii. 7.5% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1-3 years.			
1.4	iii. 10% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 3 years.			
1	If unlisted than:			
Ì	i. 10% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure upto 1 year.			
Ì	ii 12.5% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1-3 years.			
İ	iii. 15% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 3 years.			
	Investment in Equity Securities			
	i. If listed 15% or VaR of each securities on the cutoff date as computed by the Securities Exchange for	47,045,915	(7,080,173)	39,965,74
	respective securities whichever is higher.			
	ii. If unlisted, 100% of carrying value.	-	-	-
	iii.Subscription money against Investment in IPO/offer for Sale: Amount paid as subscription money provided that shares have not been alloted or are not included in the investments of securities broker.	-	-	-
1.5	iv.100% Haircut shall be applied to Value of Investment in any asset including shares of listed securities that are in Block, Freeze or Pledge status as on reporting date. (July 19, 2017) Provided that 100% haircut shall not be applied in case of investment in those securities which are Pledged in favor of Stock Exchange / Clearing House against Margin Financing requirements or pledged in favor of Banks against Short Term financing arrangements. In such cases, the haircut as provided in schedule III of the Regulations in respect of investment in securities shall be applicable (August 25, 2017)	-	-	
1.6	Investment in subsidiaries			
1.0	Investment in associated companies/undertaking			
1.7	<ol> <li>If listed 20% or VaR of each securities as computed by the Securites Exchange for respective securities whichever is higher.</li> </ol>			
	ii. If unlisted, 100% of net value.			
1.8	Statutory or regulatory deposits/basic deposits with the exchanges, clearing house or central depository or any	2,650,000	(2,650,000)	-
1.0	other entity.  Margin deposits with exchange and clearing house.	77,405,128	-	77,405,12
1.9	Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed securities under SLB.			
1.10	Other deposits and prepayments	-		-
	Accrued interest, profit or mark-up on amounts placed with financial institutions or debt securities etc.(Nil)			
1.12	100% in respect of markup accrued on loans to directors, subsidiaries and other related parties		W-023	
1.10				
1.13	Dividends receivables.  Amounts receivable against Repo financing.			
1.14	Amount paid as purchaser under the REPO agreement. (Securities purchased under repo arrangement shall not			
	be included in the investments.) i. Short Term Loan To Employees: Loans are Secured and Due for repayment within 12 months	229,557	(229,557)	-
1.15		1,110,000	(1,110,000)	-
	ii. Receivables other than trade receivables  Receivables from clearing house or securities exchange(s)	.,,	(-),	
	100% value of claims other than those on account of entitlements against trading of securities in all markets			
1.16	including MtM gains.			
	claims on account of entitlements against trading of securities in all markets including MtM gains.	4,798,018		4,798,0
	Receivables from customers			
	i. In case receivables are against margin financing, the aggregate if (i) value of securities held in the blocked account after applying VAR based Haircut, (ii) cash deposited as collateral by the financee (iii) market value of any securities deposited as collateral after applying VAR based haircut.  i. Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through adjustments.		*	
	ii. Incase receivables are against margin trading, 5% of the net balance sheet value.     iii. Net amount after deducting haircut	-	-	
1.17	iii. Incase receivables are against securities borrowings under SLB, the amount paid to NCCPL as collateral upon entering into contract, iii. Net amount after deducting haricut			
	iv. Incase of other trade receivables not more than 5 days overdue, 0% of the net balance sheet value. iv. Balance sheet value	68,759,064		68,759,0





Total Asset (1942) 1 Total Capture (1942) 1		v. Incase of other trade receivables are overdue, or 5 days or more, the aggregate of (i) the market value of securities purchased for customers and held in sub-accounts after applying VAR based haircuts, (ii) cash deposited as collateral by the respective customer and (iii) the market value of securities held as collateral after	235,494,649	195,895,784	195,895,784		
sx. 100% halves to the cense of amount receivable form related parties.  Cash and Blank balances  1 Real balance processory accounts  1 Real balance receivation accounts accounts and the special balance of 45,649,295.  1 Real balance receivation accounts account accounts account accounts account accounts account account account account account account account account a							
B. Bank balance-promptionay accounts   33,763,667   33,763,667   13,809,129   13,			-				
13,800,129   13,800,129   13,800,129   13,800,129   76,64   13,800,129   76,64   76,699   76,699   76,		Cash and Bank balances					
in Bask belance-curtomer accounts in Cash in this belance entroper accounts in Cash and bank belances  1 Active 2015 1 Total cost and bank belances  1 Active 2015 1 Expected to exchange and clearing bouse in Psychole equatest keveraged market products in Psychole equatest keveraged market psychole in Psychole equatest psychole in Psychole equatest keveraged market psychole in Psychole equatest psychole in Psychole in Psychole equatest psychole in Psychole in Psychole equatest psychole in P	10	I. Bank Balance-proprietory accounts		-			
Total Asset (1942) 1 Total Capture (1942) 1	.10	ii. Bank balance-customer accounts		-			
1 Petal Awere   Labilities	Ì	iii. Cash in hand	76,499	-	76,49		
1 Total Assets Liabilities  Trade Psysholes  1 Psyshole to exchange and clearing house  1 Psyshole to exchange and clearing house  1 Psyshole to exchange and regularly does  1 Psyshole to exchange and regularly does  1 Psyshole to exchange and regularly does  1 Psyshole to exchange and other possible and the proposed and the possible and the po		Total cash and bank balances	45,649,295		45,649,29		
Image: Property of the Company Interest of the Compa	1		494,504,779		432,473,03		
1 Payable to exchanges and clearing house							
1 Payable to exchanges and clearing house							
ii. Psyable to estatement iii. Psyable estatement iii. Ps			-		-		
in Psyable to customers  Current Liabilities  1. Stantary and regulatory dues  1. Accurate and other payables  1. Accurate and other payables  1. Accurate portion of abord trained loss  2. Accurate portion of abord trained loss  3. Current portion of abord trained loss  4. Current portion of abord trained loss  5. Current portion of abord trained loss  5. Current portion of abord trained loss  6. Current portion of abord trained loss  6. Current portion of accurate loss of trained loss  7. Current portion of long term liabilities  7. Long-Term financing  8. Current portion of long trained loss  9. Current portion of long trained loss  9. Current portion of long trained loss  10. Done Trained loss  11. Long-Term financing  12. Long-Term financing  12. Long-Term financing  13. Staff retirement benefits  14. Current portion in display and loss and loss of lo	2.1	if Payable against leveraged market products					
Current Labilities  1. Sentatory and regulatory dues  1. Accounts and other parables  1. Sentatory and regulatory dues  1. Accounts and other parables  1. Sentatory and regulatory dues  2. 2.824,941			101,810,292	-	101,810,29		
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Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting  (b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments							
(b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments							
Andrew State of the Control of the C		Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting					
Andrew State of the Control of the C		(b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments					
		Negative equity of subsidiary					
			1				

Secretary Secretary Secretary Sid.

	Y.						
3.4	The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary	-	-	(*			
	Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions						
3.5	5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency	-		-			
3.6	Amount Payable under REPO						
	Repo adjustment	Repo adjustment					
3.7	In the case of financier/purchaser the total amount receivable under Repo less the 110% of the market value of underlying securities.  In the case of financee/seller the market value of underlying securities after applying haircut less the total amount received ,less value of any securites deposited as collateral by the purchaser after applying haircut less any cash deposited by the purchaser.	-	-				
	Concentrated proprietary positions						
3.8	If the market value of any security is between 25% and 51% of the total proprietary positions then 5% of the value of such security. If the market of a security exceeds 51% of the proprietary position, then 10% of the value of such security	596,663		596,663			
	Opening Positions in futures and options						
3.9	i. In case of customer positions, the total margin requirements in respect of open postions less the amount of cash deposited by the customer and the value of securites held as collateral/pledged with securities exchange after applyiong VaR haircuts	81,486,286	(*)	81,486,286			
	ii. In case of proprietary positions, the total margin requirements in respect of open positions to the extent not already met	-		(*)			
	Short sell positions						
3.10	i. Incase of customer positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market on behalf of customers after increasing the same with the VaR based haircuts less the cash deposited by the customer as collateral and the value of securities held as collateral after applying VAR based Haircuts	-		*			
	ii. Incase of proprietory positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market and not yet settled increased by the amount of VAR based haircut less the value of securities pledged as collateral after applying haircuts.	-	-	(14)			
3	Total Ranking Liabilites	82,082,949	-	82,082,949			
	Liquid Capital	200,053,584	-	138,021,836			

Company Ghani Osman Schuldics (Tyo) Link